



Collide+Power to be Continued

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Motivation

The power consumption of a CMOS circuit depends on the processed data. Therefore, if an attacker can measure power consumption, this poses a fundamental security risk if no mitigations are in place. The Platypus attack [1] shows that unprivileged power interfaces allow an advisory to read the CPU's power consumption purely from software and enable traditional power analysis attacks on generalpurpose CPUs. The resulting fixes prevent unprivileged access to this interface. However, the Hertzbleed [2] attack discovers that the CPU's execution time depends on the actual power consumption of the system and circumvents requiring access to the interface. Finally, Collide+Power [3], enhances software-based power side channels to leak arbitrary data processed by the CPU. So, where do we go from here?

We want **YOU** to extend this field! We want to explore the potential of Collide+Power even further, finding new attack targets leaking sensitive data.

Goals and Tasks

- 📒 Read the linked literature.
- X Perform experiments on chosen CPU architecture.
- Develop the attack to leak the data.







Literature

- > PLATYPUS: Software-based power side-channel attacks on x86
- Hertzbleed: Turning power Side-Channel attacks into remote timing attacks on x86
- Collide+Power: Leaking Inaccessible Data with Software-based Power Side Channels

Courses & Deliverables

- ✓ Introduction to Scientific Working Short report on background Short presentation
- Bachelor Project Project code and documentation
- ✓ Bachelor's Thesis Project code Thesis Final presentation

Recommended if you're studying

✓CS ✓ICE ✓SEM

Prerequisites

- > Interest in the topic area
- > C/C++, Python, Assembly

Advisor Contact

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